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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/663,551	09/16/2003	William J. Borland	EL0496 US NA	2580
23906	7590	05/31/2006	EXAMINER	
E I DU PONT DE NEMOURS AND COMPANY LEGAL PATENT RECORDS CENTER BARLEY MILL PLAZA 25/1128 4417 LANCASTER PIKE WILMINGTON, DE 19805			NORRIS, JEREMY C	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2841	
DATE MAILED: 05/31/2006				

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<b>Office Action Summary</b>	<b>Application No.</b>	<b>Applicant(s)</b>	
	10/663,551	BORLAND ET AL.	
	<b>Examiner</b> Jeremy C. Norris	<b>Art Unit</b> 2841	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --  
**Period for Reply**

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

#### Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 May 2006.  
 2a) This action is FINAL.                    2b) This action is non-final.  
 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

#### Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 1-23 is/are pending in the application.  
 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.  
 5) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.  
 6) Claim(s) 1-23 is/are rejected.  
 7) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.  
 8) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

#### Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.  
 10) The drawing(s) filed on 16 September 2003 is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.  
     Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
     Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  
 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

#### Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  
 a) All    b) Some \* c) None of:  
     1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  
     2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.  
     3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

#### Attachment(s)

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)                     |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)                                   | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____  |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)<br>Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
|  | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____                                    |

## DETAILED ACTION

### ***Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114***

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 12 May 2006 has been entered.

### ***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102***

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 2, 4-12, and 14-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by US 5,144,526 (Vu).

Vu discloses, referring to figure 1, a printed wiring board comprising a first circuit conductor (9) extending through at least a part of the printed wiring board, a second circuit conductor (9) extending through at least a part of the printed wiring board, and a plurality of stacked innerlayer panels, wherein at least one of the innerlayer panels comprises at least one capacitor (see col. 2, lines 10-15), comprising a first electrode (3) having a width (electrode 3 is shown as having a width corresponding to the entire width of the pictured portion, figure 1) formed from a foil and having a first electrode

termination (connection point of electrode 3 and via 9, col. 2, lines 15-20) coupled to the first circuit conductor wherein the first electrode termination is within the footprint of the first electrode, at least one dielectric layer comprising a high dielectric constant material (5) disposed over the first electrode including an aperture formed therethrough, and a second electrode (3) having a width (electrode 3 is shown as having a width corresponding to the entire width of the pictured portion, figure 1) formed over the first dielectric layer and having a second electrode termination (connection point of electrode 3 and via 9, col. 2, lines 15-20) coupled to the second circuit conductor, wherein the second electrode termination is spaced a selected distance from the first electrode termination to reduce separation between terminations and wherein the termination of the first electrode and the termination of the second electrode are at a distance from each other which is less than the width of either the first electrode or the second electrode (as displayed in figure 1, the width of electrodes 3, spanning the entire pictured portion, is greater than the distance between the two vias 9, which represent the first and second electrode terminations) [claim 1], wherein the first circuit conductor extends through the dielectric layer [claim 2], wherein the capacitor of the at least one innerlayer panel is laminated to a laminate material (7) disposed over the capacitor, wherein the first circuit conductor extends through the laminate material (see figure 2) [claim 4], wherein the second circuit conductor extends through the laminate material (see figure 2) [claim 5]

Similarly, Vu discloses, referring to figure 2, a printed wiring board comprising a first circuit conductor (15) extending through at least a part of the printed wiring board, a

second circuit conductor (15) extending through at least a part of the printed wiring board, and a plurality of stacked innerlayer panels, wherein at least one of the innerlayer panels comprises at least one capacitor (see col. 2, lines 10-15), comprising a first electrode (13) having a width (electrode 3 is shown as having a width corresponding to the entire width of the pictured portion, figure 2) formed from a foil and having a first electrode termination coupled to the first circuit conductor wherein the first electrode termination is within the footprint of the first electrode, at least one dielectric layer comprising a high dielectric constant material (17) disposed over the first electrode including an aperture formed therethrough, and a second electrode (13) having a width (electrode 13 is shown as having a width corresponding to the entire width of the pictured portion, figure 2) formed over the first dielectric layer and having a second electrode termination coupled to the second circuit conductor, wherein the second electrode termination is spaced a selected distance from the first electrode termination to reduce separation between terminations and wherein the termination of the first electrode and the termination of the second electrode are at a distance from each other which is less than the width of either the first electrode or the second electrode (as displayed in figure 2, the width of electrodes 13, spanning the entire pictured portion, is greater than the distance between the two vias 9, which represent the first and second electrode terminations) [claim 1], the capacitor further comprising a third electrode spaced from the second electrode by a two-layer dielectric (17, 19) and electrically connected to the first electrode [claim 6], wherein the first electrode has a first component side that contacts the dielectric layer and a second side opposite to the first

component side wherein the first circuit conductor extends from the second side of the first electrode [claim 7], wherein the termination of the second electrode is within the footprint of the second electrode [claim 8], further comprising a laminate material (7) disposed over the second side of the first electrode, wherein the first circuit conductor extends through the laminate material and the second circuit conductor extends through the laminate material [claim 9], the capacitor further comprising a third electrode spaced from the second electrode by a two-layer dielectric (17, 19) electrically connected to the first electrode [claim 10].

Additionally, Vu discloses, referring to figure 1, a method of making a printed writing board comprising, forming a plurality of stacked innerlayer panels, wherein forming at least one of the innerlayer panels comprises, providing a metallic foil (3), forming a dielectric layer (5) comprising a high dielectric constant material over the metallic foil and including an aperture formed therethrough, forming a first electrode from the metallic foil, the first electrode having a width (electrode 3 is shown as having a width corresponding to the entire width of the pictured portion, figure 1) and having a first electrode termination located within the footprint of the first electrode, and forming a second electrode (3) over the dielectric layer, the second electrode having a width (electrode 3 is shown as having a width corresponding to the entire width of the pictured portion, figure 1) and having a second electrode termination, wherein the first electrode, the second electrode, and the dielectric form a capacitor, and wherein the second electrode termination is spaced a selected distance from the first electrode termination to reduce separation between terminations and wherein the termination of the first

electrode and the termination of the second electrode are at a distance from each other which is less than the width of either the first electrode or the second electrode (as displayed in figure 1, the width of electrodes 3, spanning the entire pictured portion, is greater than the distance between the two vias 9, which represent the first and second electrode terminations), forming a first circuit conductor (9), wherein the first circuit conductor extends through at least a portion of the printed wiring board and contacts the first electrode termination, and forming a second circuit conductor (9), wherein the second circuit conductor contacts the second electrode termination and extends through at least a portion of the printed wiring board [claim 11], wherein the first circuit conductor extends through the aperture of the dielectric layer [claim 12] wherein forming the innerlayer panel comprises forming a laminate material (7) over the first and second electrodes and over the dielectric [claim 14], wherein forming the first circuit conductor comprise forming a conductive via through the laminate material, and forming the second circuit conductor comprises forming a conductive via through the laminate material (see col. 2, lines 15-20) [claim 15].

In similar fashion, Vu discloses, referring to figure 2, a method of making a printed writing board comprising, forming a plurality of stacked innerlayer panels, wherein forming at least one of the innerlayer panels comprises, providing a metallic foil (13), forming a dielectric layer (17) comprising a high dielectric constant material over the metallic foil and including an aperture formed therethrough, forming a first electrode from the metallic foil, the first electrode having a width (electrode 3 is shown as having a width corresponding to the entire width of the pictured portion, figure 1) and having a

first electrode termination located within the footprint of the first electrode, and forming a second electrode (13) over the dielectric layer, the second electrode having a width (electrode 3 is shown as having a width corresponding to the entire width of the pictured portion, figure 1) and having a second electrode termination, wherein the first electrode, the second electrode, and the dielectric form a capacitor, and wherein the second electrode termination is spaced a selected distance from the first electrode termination to reduce separation between terminations, and wherein the termination of the first electrode and the termination of the second electrode are at a distance from each other which is less than the width of either the first electrode or the second electrode (as displayed in figure 2, the width of electrodes 13, spanning the entire pictured portion, is greater than the distance between the two vias 15, which represent the first and second electrode terminations) forming a first circuit conductor (15), wherein the first circuit conductor extends through at least a portion of the printed wiring board and contacts the first electrode termination, and forming a second circuit conductor (15), wherein the second circuit conductor contacts the second electrode termination and extends through at least a portion of the printed wiring board [claim 11], wherein forming the innerlayer panel comprises forming a third electrode (13 spaced from the second electrode by a two-layer dielectric and electrically connected to the first electrode, wherein the first electrode, the second electrode, the third electrode and the dielectric layer form the capacitor [claim 16], wherein forming the innerlayer panel comprise, providing a laminate material, and laminating the metallic foil to the laminate material before forming the first electrode (see col. 2, lines 25-45) [claim 17], wherein the first electrode has a

first component side that contacts the dielectric, and a second side opposite to the first side, wherein forming the first circuit conductor comprises forming the first circuit conductor to extend from the second side of the first electrode [claim 18], wherein the second electrode termination is within the footprint of the second electrode, and forming the innerlayer panel comprises forming a laminate material over the second side of the first electrode [claim 19], wherein forming a first circuit conductor comprise forming a conductive via through the laminate material, and forming a second circuit conductor comprises forming a conductive via through the laminate material (see col. 2, lines 15-20) [claim 20], wherein forming the innerlayer panel comprise, forming a third electrode spaced from the second electrode by a two-layer dielectric (17, 19) and electrically connected to the first electrode, wherein the first electrode, the second electrode, the third electrode and the dielectric from the capacitor [claim 21], wherein forming the innerlayer panel comprises, providing a laminate material and laminating the metallic foil to the laminate material before forming the first electrode (se col. 2, lines 20-45) [claim 22], wherein forming a plurality of stacked innerlayer panels comprises providing a specified number of innerlayer panels, joining the innerlayer panels together, forming a third circuit conductor through at least two of the joined innerlayer panels and incorporating the joined innerlayer panels into the printed wiring board [claim 23].

Claims 1-3 and 11-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by US 5,926,377 (Nakao).

Nakao discloses, referring primarily to figure 18, a printed wiring board comprising a first circuit conductor (61) extending through at least a part of the printed wiring board, a second circuit conductor (62) extending through at least a part of the printed wiring board, and a plurality of stacked innerlayer panels, wherein at least one of the innerlayer panels comprises at least one capacitor (see col. 8, lines 40-55), comprising a first electrode (23) having a width (electrode 23 is shown as having a width corresponding to the entire width of the pictured portion, figure 18) formed from a foil and having a first electrode termination (connection point of electrode 23 and via 61, col. 8, lines 40-55) coupled to the first circuit conductor wherein the first electrode termination is within the footprint of the first electrode, at least one dielectric layer comprising a high dielectric constant material (col. 1, lines 40-55) disposed over the first electrode including an aperture formed therethrough, and a second electrode (25) having a width (electrode 25 is shown as having a width corresponding to the entire width of the pictured portion, figure 18) formed over the first dielectric layer and having a second electrode termination (connection point of electrode 25 and via 62, col. 8, lines 40-55) coupled to the second circuit conductor, wherein the second electrode termination is spaced a selected distance from the first electrode termination to reduce separation between terminations and wherein the termination of the first electrode and the termination of the second electrode are at a distance from each other which is less than the width of either the first electrode or the second electrode (as displayed in figure 18, the width of electrodes 23 and 25, spanning the entire pictured portion, is greater than the distance between the two vias 61 and 62, which represent the first and second

electrode terminations) [claim 1], wherein the first circuit conductor extends through the dielectric layer [claim 2], wherein the second electrode termination is within the footprint of the second electrode, and the second circuit conductor extends through the aperture of the dielectric layer [claim 3].

Similarly, Nakao discloses, referring primarily to figure 18, a method of making a printed writing board comprising, forming a plurality of stacked innerlayer panels, wherein forming at least one of the innerlayer panels comprises, providing a metallic foil (23), forming a dielectric layer (col. 1, lines 40-55) comprising a high dielectric constant material over the metallic foil and including an aperture formed therethrough, forming a first electrode from the metallic foil, the first electrode having a width (electrode 23 is shown as having a width corresponding to the entire width of the pictured portion, figure 18) and having a first electrode termination located within the footprint of the first electrode, and forming a second electrode (25) over the dielectric layer, the second electrode having a width (electrode 25 is shown as having a width corresponding to the entire width of the pictured portion, figure 18) and having a second electrode termination, wherein the first electrode, the second electrode, and the dielectric form a capacitor (col. 8, lines 40-55), and wherein the second electrode termination is spaced a selected distance from the first electrode termination to reduce separation between terminations and wherein the termination of the first electrode and the termination of the second electrode are at a distance from each other which is less than the width of either the first electrode or the second electrode (as displayed in figure 18, the width of electrodes 23 and 25, spanning the entire pictured portion, is greater than the distance

between the two vias 61 and 62, which represent the first and second electrode terminations), forming a first circuit conductor (61), wherein the first circuit conductor extends through at least a portion of the printed wiring board and contacts the first electrode termination, and forming a second circuit conductor (62), wherein the second circuit conductor contacts the second electrode termination and extends through at least a portion of the printed wiring board [claim 11], wherein the first circuit conductor extends through the aperture of the dielectric layer [claim 12] wherein the second electrode termination is within the footprint of the second electrode and forming the second circuit conductor comprises forming a conductive via that extends through the dielectric layer [claim 13].

***Response to Arguments***

Applicant's arguments filed 12 May 2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant's arguments with respect to the rejection of claims 1-3 and 11-13, in view of US 6,274,224 (O'Bryan) have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Regarding the rejection of claims 1, 2, 4-12, and 14-23 in view of US 5,144,526 (Vu), Applicants allege that Vu does not disclose "the element of spacing the electrode terminations at a distance less than the width of either the first or second electrode". However, this allegation is not well founded since, as noted above, Vu distinctly discloses, via figures 1 and 2, spacing between electrode terminations (i.e. the distance between corresponding vias) being much less than the width of the electrodes

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themselves (disclosed in the figure to be the entire width of the depicted portion). Thus, the ordinarily skilled artisan would interpret the figures of Vu as indeed disclosing this limitation. Therefore, Applicants traversal of the rejection on this ground is deemed unsuccessful.

### **Conclusion**

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jeremy C. Norris whose telephone number is 571-272-1932. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday, 9:30 am - 5:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kamand Cuneo can be reached on 571-272-1957. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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